

## NOT FAR OFF.

In Spite of Delays and Disappointments,

Congressmen Insist Adjournment is Not Far Off.

## FOR COOLER CLIMES.

Many Distinguished People are Leaving Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—[Special.]—In spite of delays and disappointments, many congressmen persist in believing that adjournment is not far off and are making their arrangements to leave in July and join their families, who have already gone to rural resorts. The far western members will spend the hot weather in their mountain homes for the most part, and the remainder of society is about equally divided between the Virginia resorts, the far north and a foreign tour. Mrs. Senator Carey has left for her home in Cheyenne, Wyo., accompanied by her two sons, who have been at school in Philadelphia. They hope that the senator will be able to join them early in July, but if he is delayed they will proceed without him to make the Rocky mountain tour with a party of friends, visiting the Yellowstone park and other noted places in the high altitudes. Admiral Walker's family have gone to New Hampshire for the summer. Mrs. Blackburn and daughter have returned to their home at Versailles, Ky., for the summer. The president has taken another cruise, this time on the lightship tender Maple, and there is an unusual amount of gossip over the fact that Dr. E. M. O'Reilly, his regular physician, accompanied him.

The President's Outing.  
The Maple was delivered to the government only a few months ago, and her trip down the Potomac excited much interest. She is 104 feet long, with 30 foot beam, and with twin screws can be put at a very high rate of speed. The trip was made official by the presence on the Maple of Captain Rebley D. Evans, naval secretary of the lighthouse board. At the same time Private Secretary Thurber and family departed for Buzzard's Bay, and a miscellaneous squad of bureau officers from the war department went to distant posts pursuant to Secretary Lamont's plan of reducing the force in his branch of the government. Twenty was the number in the first list given out for departure, but it is said in the department that this is only a beginning, and that society will be comparatively dull next winter so far as the army is concerned.

Approach to the time named for them to leave the city, those senators who have all along stuck to June 20 or 30 as the very latest date for the tariff bill to get through that body now name July 5 as positively the very latest.

There is a scare on, or somebody is trying to create one, as to the condition of the treasury, but for some reason the officials are far more hopeful than they were at the crisis preceding the issue of bonds. It had been frequently announced that the report of the director of the mint would be very favorable as to the world's gold supply, but it proved far more optimistic than any one had expected. According to his figures, the world produced more gold last year than ever before in a year—far more than was turned out in the best year of California and Australia combined—and he thinks the product will increase much more rapidly hereafter. The gold men in both houses produce figures to show that the great nations have about filled their demands for gold and that the metal is about to become much more plentiful for commercial use and will therefore cheapen rapidly. If half of this be true, there is reason for the confidence expressed in the treasury department.

The Pythias Celebration.  
General James R. Carnahan has been with us some time and announces that all the arrangements for the grand encampment of the Knights of Pythias are in splendid shape. The citizens' committee here consists of such men as Messrs. Beahm, Wilkins, Lawrence, and others of like standing. Mr. Chapin Brown being chairman and Mr. George E. Emmons secretary. Arrangements are being made as have Pennsylvania avenue adorned as it has not been for many a year when the 20,000 uniformed knights make their march and counter-march on its smooth pavements.

Incidentally it may be added that, though army circles are somewhat depressed by the departure of so many good fellows from the local force, naval men are feeling much better than at any time since the investigations began. The armor plate has shown it to be even better than was claimed. The last trial was of the greatest plate that ever stood the specifications of the naval ordnance department. The plate tested was a curved Harveized nickel steel one, and a projectile fired from a 12 inch gun with the heaviest power it would safely bear and at a distance of only 355 feet buried itself without making a crack in the plate.

Here a half column might be given of scientific lingo to show the units of force which have so delighted the ordnance men and the units of resistance which have still more delighted the naval officers, but it is doubtful if any one but a technically educated engineer could understand them. The most unlettered reader, however, can easily see what tremendous force it must have required to bury a solid shot as big as a nail gun in steel and nickel and how very tough that steel and nickel must have been to not crack under such a shock. The engineers say that it takes five years to get a shot that no plate can resist and then five years more to get a plate that no shot can penetrate, after which a more powerful shot is again invented, and so the industry may be regarded as permanently established, no matter what happens to the tariff.

A Venerable Colored Pastor.

An event of very unusual importance has greatly interested the higher circles of the colored people, and it may be doubted if there has been a similar case in this country, if in the world. Dr. Crumwell, rector of St. Luke's Colored Protestant Episcopal church, has preached his farewell sermon after 60 years' continuous service in the ministry and is retired on an annuity by direction of Dr. Pare, bishop of Maryland. He has been rector of that church 31 years and has long been noted as one of the best-educated men of his race. It is to be regretted that there was some friction between him and his col-

leagues toward the last, but the retirement of a minister who has been preaching to colored people of education and refinement since 1844 aroused emotions which left no room for any other feeling.

## PASTOR AND FLOCK.

Bishop E. S. Thomas consecrated a church at El Dorado, last Sunday morning.

Twenty new pupils have applied for admission to Bethany college since the close of school.

Rev. W. L. Byers is planning a union picnic of the congregational churches of the city, to go to Fort Riley.

The steeple of the English Lutheran church, which was struck by lightning this week, is being repaired.

Last Sunday was communion at the United Presbyterian church, and there were nine new members received into the church.

Baptism of infants takes place at the First Presbyterian church on Sunday morning. Rev. S. B. Alderson will preach on the subject: "Infant baptism."

Benj. L. Smith, pastor of the First Christian church, will be in his pulpit again tomorrow, from which sickness in his family has kept him for the past two Sundays.

A pleasant social was given last evening at the residence of Miss Amy Kearney, 220 Harrison street, by the young people of the United Presbyterian church.

Bishop E. S. Thomas will conduct services at Ottawa tomorrow morning and at Olathe in the evening. He will return to Topeka on Friday and leave for Atchison on Saturday.

President, F. A. McGuire; vice president, Miss Anna Kelly; recording secretary, Miss Alice McKittick; corresponding secretary, Miss Kate Donnell; treasurer, Mrs. J. R. Thompson.

Last Wednesday evening the ladies of the First Congregational church gave a social at the residence of Rev. L. Blakesley, and the First Methodist ladies gave one at the residence of S. S. Ott.

The repairs on the First Congregational church are about completed. A new carpet has been laid in the church, and the building thoroughly cleaned, in addition to the mending of the roof and of the vestibules.

Rev. M. F. McKirahan will leave early in July to spend his vacation in Ohio. This will have been the first vacation he has taken in thirteen years. Heretofore he has always attended conventions and assemblies when away for a trip.

Tomorrow will be Children's day at the United Presbyterian church, and an excellent program of songs and recitations has been prepared. The special service will be given in the morning.

The Christian Endeavor society of the First Presbyterian church held a picnic at Garfield park last Saturday, but on account of the rain the night before, there was a small attendance; so it was decided to have another one today.

The Topeka Congregational union is an organization consisting of the officers of the congregational churches of the city, and the purpose is to discuss plans for the work of the churches. Rev. W. L. Byers of North Topeka, is the president.

Rev. S. B. Alderson expects to hold the vesper services on Sunday evenings at six o'clock, instead of the evening services during the summer. Last summer the vesper services were very successful and were better attended than the evening services.

The Sabbath school pupils of Liberty church and their friends picnicked at Garfield park on Wednesday. About 150 were in attendance. They were joined in the evening by fifty of the older members of the congregation and a pleasant time was spent at the park.

Most of the ministers of the city are preparing to take their summer vacations, and in most cases July has been selected. A rule which is being generally adopted in the churches is the omission of the Sunday evening services. The rule so far has been adopted by the Central Congregational, First Methodist, First Congregational and United Presbyterian.

For some years past there have been two Christian Endeavor societies in the United Presbyterian church. They were called No. 1 and No. 2, and were composed of young people of different ages. After several efforts the two were finally combined, and they are now doing good work together. The following are the newly elected officers of the combination:

## NO AGREEMENT MADE.

County Attorney Safford Says He Knew Nothing of Capt. Gish's Plan.

County Attorney H. C. Safford said in relation to the closing of the joints by Capt. Gish, told of in another place: "I have not made any agreement with the police of any kind. It is true, Peter Gish came into my office yesterday and told me that he knew of a number of clubs that were running and said he was going to order them to close up. 'I said all right' and this morning Gish came in and told me what he had done and that is all I know about it. Mr. Safford also denied that he had any knowledge of any effort being made prior to the primary election to get the county authorities to co-operate with the police in the closing of the clubs.

## Bradford's Services Wanted.

Councilman S. B. Bradford received a request today from the Republican state central committee of Missouri asking him to help the Republican cause in that state during the coming campaign with a series of speeches. Mr. Bradford replied that he intended to devote all his spare time to canvassing in Kansas, but that if he had time he would be glad to make two or three speeches in Missouri.

Amanda J. Payne, who is 53 years old, and lives on Lawrence street, was today adjudged insane in the probate court and will be taken to the asylum as soon as arrangements can be made for her. She has been in a bad way for a month, and her husband thought best to have her tried. Financial worry caused it.

American Steam Laundry, 112 West 7th street, tel. 341.

## WORK OF BLACKMAILERS.

Huntington Insinuates That the Olney Suite Were Thus Investigated.

New York, June 23.—The World today contains an interview with Mr. Huntington in regard to the suits brought against the Pacific receivers by Attorney General Olney. He says the suits do not trouble him and adds: "Of course I would rather they had not been begun but if it came to a matter of putting out one dollar to stop them, I would not discuss them. I saw the flaming headlines in the paper the other day: 'Thirty years of crime.'"

"It is the habit of the newspapers to print sensational things without strict reference to how much much truth there is in it. But as to the suits I know all about them and there is nothing in them. For some time back half a dozen or more men have been writing to me and telling me that unless I sent for them they would tell the people a number of things the people ought to know. There is one man in St. Louis who is particularly active in this line."

"I told them that if there were things the American people ought to know by all means go ahead and tell them. These people have gone to Mr. Olney, I suppose, and that I take to be the origin of the suits. From what I heard of Olney I am sure he would not have commenced the suits unless he felt convinced that it was his duty to do so. I have no close acquaintance with Mr. Olney, but from what a number of my friends tell me, I believe him to be a man of ability and a just man."

## TO BE BANQUETTED.

Populist Ladies Will Give the Central Commonwealsters a Square Meal.

The Vinette industrialists at the city park now number about forty-five. They are constantly arriving in squads of two or three, but ten or twelve have left the camp within the past two or three days. Of this number five were fired out for unbecoming conduct, and the rest have gone on leave of absence and will join the company further east. Vinette says that the colored man who precipitated the row the other day was not a formally admitted member of the regiment, but was along according to the custom of the army on ten days probation.

Vinette made a short speech to his men at the park last evening and serenaded their incarcerated brothers. After that they marched to the meeting of the Populist league on Eighth street and from there back to camp.

"I don't know when we will leave," said Vinette today. "We are having a pretty good time here. Our invitations are so numerous and pressing that we can't possibly get away just now. Some of the Populist ladies are going to give us a banquet soon, so we can see how it feels to put our feet under a table once more."

They will all be at the home guard meeting on Eighth street tonight.

## WHEAT 28,000,000.

The Kansas Millers Say That is What the Yield Will Be.

The following letter is received from the secretary of the Kansas State Millers' association:

ENTERPRISE, Kan., June 21, 1894.

To the Editor of the State Journal.  
Sir:—In compliance with request of Kansas State Millers' association in convention at Topeka June 4 and 5, inquiries were sent to millers in each county in the state, and where there were no mills in the county clerks and grain men, and from returns made on and after the 15th inst., I make the following report:

Wheat very uneven in yield, running from 5 to 40 bushels per acre in some counties, the grain is plump and well matured, making an excellent milling wheat. Harvest in full blast from all reports to date. Kansas will harvest a crop of 28,000,000 bushels of wheat. Oats are a total failure. Corn prospects excellent, never better at this time of year.

C. V. TOPPING,  
Secretary.

## HOTTEST DAY.

Thermometer Crawling Up—It Marked 92 at 1 P. M.

Seventy-two degrees was the temperature as recorded at the United States weather bureau at 7 o'clock this morning. The humidity at that time was 82 per cent and the wind was blowing from the southwest at the rate of eight miles an hour.

The coolest temperature during the night was 68 degrees.

The temperature this afternoon is 89 degrees and the wind is coming from the south at the rate of 10 miles an hour. Swift & Holliday's thermometer recorded the temperature at 1 o'clock at 92 degrees.

The weather is very hard to predict today as the indications point to fair weather, but the barometer is falling, which would indicate that a change was about to occur.

## TO PROTECT ANIMALS.

Commissioner to Protect Animals in Yellowstone Park Appointed.

CHRYEEN, Wyo., June 23.—Gen. J. W. Meldrum was yesterday appointed commissioner of the United States court for the district of Wyoming, with jurisdiction within the Yellowstone National park. The appointment was made by Judge Kiner of the United States court, under the act of congress approved May, 1894, entitled an act to protect animals and punish offenses committed within the park.

The commissioner shall reside in the park, and is authorized to hear and act on complaints made of violations of the law.

## In Favor of Bishop Bonacum.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., June 23.—In the ejectment suit against Father Corbett by Bishop Bonacum, wherein the bishop seeks to gain possession of the Palmyra parsonage, now occupied by Corbett, the judge decided in favor of the bishop. Excepted by appeal by the defendant and the case will go to the district court.

## Vigilant-Valkyrie Race.

GLASGOW, June 23.—It has been definitely settled that the Vigilant and Valkyrie will engage in their first contest on the Clyde on July 5, as neither yacht will be ready in time to race at an earlier date.

Ingleide gratefully acknowledges the generous gift of \$63.11 from the Columbian association; also, eleven chairs, a table and hall settee, all fine pieces of furniture.

E. W. BERNAN, Treas.

Subscribe for the Daily STATE JOURNAL.

## IT COSTS \$22,000.

To Punish the Sanders Army for Seizing the Missouri Pacific Train.

"The government has already expended more than the amount appropriated by congress to suppress this Coxey movement," said a prominent Topeka attorney today. "Only \$50,000 was appropriated, and the conviction of these Sanders men has made a big hole in that amount."

He gave the reporter the following estimate on the cost of the conviction of the Sanders Coxeyites:

Railroad fares.....	\$4,000
United States marshal fees.....	4,000
United States attorney fees.....	1,500
United States commissioner fees.....	100
Guards.....	1,000
Hotel and jail.....	500
Subsistence from time of arrest to trial.....	1,500
Total.....	\$22,000

"Of course this is an estimate but it is not far off in the total amount. The total is considerably lessened by the escape of half the men as cost of subsistence in the jails will be much smaller."

There are twenty-four of the men confined in the Shawnee county jail. The fees are allowed 40 cents per day for each man. The money may be released at the end of thirty days by making affidavit that they are unable to pay their fines of \$20. If they all do this and are released at the expiration of thirty days it will have cost the government \$288 to have the sentence of law executed on them. The body guard of Topeka and corresponding amounts in the other counties to which men were taken.

## ICE PLANT WRECKED.

The Fumes of Ammonia Nearly Strangle the Workmen.

ELIZABETH, N. J., June 23.—The entire ice plant of the Elizabeth Ice company was wrecked yesterday afternoon. R. S. Williams, one of the company, narrowly escaped death by strangulation, through escaping ammonia used in the making of the ice. The ice plant, which had been run into by seven cars of pig iron down a steep grade on the Pennsylvania road at Murray street, crashed into the building. The car, after it left the trestle, in the rear of the plant, crashed through the side of the factory, and plunged into one of the large ammonia condensers, ripping the tank in two. Instantly the engineer's room was filled with stifling fumes of ammonia. Mr. Williams staggered to the shut-off pipe and stopped the flow of the chemicals, and then made a dash for the open air, which he reached none too soon.

## WON'T HANDLE SCAB COAL.

American Railway Union at Pueblo Takes Action.

PUEBLO, June 23.—Pueblo lodge of the American Railway Union, with some 100 members employed by the Denver & Rio Grande, Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific and Missouri Pacific railways, passed resolutions in sympathy with the striking coal miners, and voted not to handle coal mined by non-union men.

## Denver Exposition Opens.

DENVER, June 23.—The Manufacturers' Exchange exposition, prepared to show the members of the National Republican league convention and their friends the manufacturing resources of Colorado opened in Coliseum hall at 9 o'clock today and will continue one week. Formal opening exercises will be held tonight.

## Interesting to Motorists.

ST. PAUL, June 23.—The state supreme court today declared valid the law compelling street car companies to vestibule cars in winter.

## TODAY'S MARKET REPORT.

Furnished by W. F. Fiedman, Broker in Grain, Provisions and Stocks, Real Estate Building, Corner Seventh and Jackson Streets.

CHICAGO, June 22.—Wheat was weak at the start today on the Hatch bill and the disappointment at the failure to settle the elevator row. Cables were a surprise, showing sympathy with yesterday's decline here. The market was dull. July opened 5/8c lower at 57 1/2c and reacted 3/8c later to 58 1/2c.

Corn largely followed wheat in fluctuations, but opened 3/8c lower at 40 1/2c, and reacted to 41c.

Oats easy; July 40c. Provisions were dull but steady on light hog receipts. September pork started 5c higher at \$12.65, and reacted to \$12.60.

July lard \$6.80. Estimated receipts for Monday: Wheat 52 cars, corn 549 cars, oats 220 cars, hogs next week 135,000 head.

	June 23	Up	Down	Low	High	Clos'd	Yes
WHEAT—	July..	58 1/2	59 1/2	58 1/2	59 1/2	58 1/2	
	Sept..	58 3/4	59 3/4	58 3/4	59 3/4	58 3/4	
	Oct..	61 1/2	62 1/2	61 1/2	62 1/2	61 1/2	
	Nov..	64 1/2	65 1/2	64 1/2	65 1/2	64 1/2	
CORN—	July..	40 1/2	41 1/2	40 1/2	41 1/2	40 1/2	
	Sept..	40 1/2	41 1/2	40 1/2	41 1/2	40 1/2	
	Oct..	41 1/2	42 1/2	41 1/2	42 1/2	41 1/2	
OATS—	July..	45 1/2	46 1/2	45 1/2	46 1/2	45 1/2	
	Sept..	40 1/2	41 1/2	40 1/2	41 1/2	40 1/2	
	Oct..	39 1/2	40 1/2	39 1/2	40 1/2	39 1/2	

## Kansas City Market.

KANSAS CITY, June 23.—WHEAT—

higher. No. 2 hard, 54c; No. 2 red 52 1/2c; No. 3 red, 49 1/2c; rejected 44 1/2c.

Corn—1/2c lower. No. 2 mixed, 35 1/2c; No. 2 white, 39 1/2c; 40c.

Oats—Slow. No. 2 mixed 44 1/2c; No. 2 white 46 1/2c.

Rye—Steady. No. 2, 45c. Flaxseed—Steady, \$1.29.

BRAN—Firm. 60c. Hay—Steady. Timothy, \$8.00@8.50; prairie \$6.00@7.50.

BUTTER—Steady. Creamery, 14@15c; dairy, 12@14c.

EGGS—Extremely dull and weak at 7c. CATTLE—Receipts, 1,000; shipments 800. Market steady to strong. Texas steers, \$2.00@3.75; Texas cows, \$1.25@3.45; beef steers, \$3.50@4.75; native cows, \$1.50@3.00; stockers and feeders, \$1.00@2.50; bulls, \$1.00@3.25.

HOGS—Receipts, 5,500; shipments, 1,400. Market opened 5@10c higher; closed weak. Bulk of sales \$4.80@4.90; heavies, \$4.90@5.00; packers, \$4.90@5.00; mixed, \$4.80@4.90; lights \$4.80@4.90; Yorkers, \$4.80@4.90; pigs, \$4.80@4.90.

SHEEP—Receipts 200; shipments none. Market steady.

## New York Stock Market.

American Sugar Refinery, 95 1/2; A. T. S. F., 4 1/2; C. B. & Q., 7 1/2; Erie, 11 1/2; N. Y. C. & H. R., 25 1/2; Missouri Pacific, 25 1/2; Reading, 15 1/2; New England, 10; Rock Island, 15 1/2; St. Paul, 53 1/2; Union Pacific, 15 1/2; Western Union, 82 1/2; Chicago Gas, 75 1/2; Cordage, 22 1/2.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

## ABSOLUTELY PURE

## NEWS OF KANSAS.

A New Manufactory Contemplated at Fort Scott.

To Make Use of the Flax Yield.

## OTHER STATE NEWS.

P. Luhn, the Oldest Merchant in Newton Suicides.

FT. SCOTT, June 23.—Mr. W. H. Payne of Dayton, Ohio, is now in the city looking up a location for a flax tow manufactory. He is favorably impressed with our city and has examined the old foundry site as a location for his plant.

Davis & Co., and Garrison Bros. have been shipping the flax which has been raised in this section to Mr. Payne at Dayton and it is believed that a closer market would be a great advantage to our farmers.

The plant Mr. Payne will establish will utilize 5,000 tons of flax straw per year and employ a force of twenty-five or thirty men.

Mr. Payne desires to try the effect of importing foreign flaxseed from Belgium and if successful the departments of the plants will be increased to accommodate the longer fibered straw in the manufacture of linen threads and kindred articles.

## NEWTON MERCHANT SUICIDES.

P. Luhn Takes Morphine and Ends His Own Life.

NEWTON, June 23.—P. Luhn, the oldest merchant in the city died last evening from which he was seized with suicidal intent.

The old gentleman was unsteady in his nerves and quite resolute in his determination to die. He fought against taking antidotes and gave himself up to the effects of the sixty grains of morphine which he had swallowed.

Mr. Luhn had been a hard drinker for a great many years and had been in the habit of taking morphine to produce sleep. The habit had grown to be a terrible disease, undermining his health and taking away all desires of living.

He came to Kansas, locating in Newton in 1891. He was the first merchant to arrive at the new town, bringing a stock of dry goods and a load of lumber from Emporia, at that time the terminus of the Santa Fe railroad. He built the first store room on Main street, which burned last year with an immense stock of shoes.

## A LAKE FOR HERINGTON.

The Rock Island is Building a Reservoir Which is a Fine Improvement.

HERINGTON, June 23.—The reservoir that the Rock Island is building will be more like a fine lake than an ordinary reservoir. It will be nearly a quarter of a mile long, from 50 to 200 feet in width with an average depth of from 5 to 15 feet of water. The lake will be beautifully fringed on all sides with stately old elms, oaks and ash that have been growing long before Kansas joined the sisterhood of states.

## River Cutting at Leavenworth.

LEAVENWORTH, June 23.—The Missouri river has fallen about two inches but another section of the main dike north of the east end of the bridge was swept away and a large force of men and many teams are employed in strengthening the work so as to prevent the current from cutting any nearer the east abutment. Shale from the mines, stone and willows are being used. The current is sweeping through the gap from two directions and angry waves are beating against the work.

## Druggists Must Pay License.

WELLINGTON, June 23.—Mayor Savage has vetoed the ordinance repealing the law requiring druggists who sell intoxicating liquors to pay an annual license of \$50. The mayor gave as his reason for doing so that the assessable property had shrunk greatly and the city needed every dollar it could get.

## J. W. Dix Renominated.

ABBYVILLE, Kan., June 23.—The Republicans of the Seventy-seventh legislative district met here and organized by electing J. E. Humphrey, of the Nickerson Argosy, chairman, and Elmer May of Hutchinson, secretary. There was no contest for the nomination, and Hon. J. W. Dix was renominated by acclamation.